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SILVER CITY, N. M., OCTOBER 10, 1894.

## Democratic Ticket.

For Delegate to Congress, ANTHONY JOSEPH.

For the Council, GEORGE W. MILES. GEORGE CURRY.

For Representatives, JOSEPH BOONE. R. L. YOUNG.

For Sheriff, BAYLOR SHANNON.

For Collector, JOHN F. KIOUS.

For Probate Clerk, EDGAR M. YOUNG.

For Assessor, DAVID H. TULLOCK.

For Probate Judge, ROBERT NEWSHAM.

For Treasurer, G. W. M. CARVIL.

For Superintendent of Schools, B. T. LINK.

> For Surveyor, GEORGE R. BROWN.

> > For Coroner, ISAAC GIVENS.

For Commissioners. 1st District-F. J. DAVIDSON. 2nd District-S. S. BRANNIN. 3rd District-A. J. CLARK.

Silver	 641/6
Lead .	 3.05

## THE POPULIST CONVENTION.

All doubt as to the attitude of the populists was removed by the action of the convention last Saturday. They have placed a full ticket in the field with the exception of county surveyor, for which office George H. Utter was nominated and declined. The party strength of the populists will be shown at the election next month, which would not have been the case if the party had simply endorsed the case if the party had simply endorsed the nomination of candidates on the other tickets as it was thought for a time third district has already served the will the populists adopt for their motto "Justice be ——!" this year?

that they would do. Had they done this, they might have claimed much more strength than they really have in the county, but now the populist vote will be known to a certainty.

Most of the candidates nominated by the party last Saturday have been lifelong democrats and it is not difficult to see that the object of the leaders of the new movement is to weaken the democratic party in the county and by this means to elect the republican candidates. In this they have had the co-operation of some of the republicans of the county. They hope that the personal friends of the populist candidates will draw enough democratic votes from the regular nominees to defeat the democratic ticket, but in this they will have a harder task than they have imagined. The populists are not so numerous as the organizers had hoped that they would be and the defection from the democratic ranks will not be large enough to cut much of a figure in the election.

Most of the populist are undoubtedly honest in their intentions and have joined the new party because they believe in the principles inculcated by the party leaders, but it is also true that some have joined the party simply in order to get even on old party scores and these are the ones who have undertaken the management of the new party.

Whether they will succeed remains to be seen, but it is hardly reasonable to suppose that the majority of the populists will submit for any length of time to the morning session of January 30, 1889, any such leadership or that these leaders will be able to hold any considerable folowing together for the purpose of paying off old scores.

The dream of some of the populists that they will be able to elect their ticket this fall is, to say the least, amusing. The nominees of the party, some of whom are very enthusiastic in the populistic cause, are not so confident of success at the polls as to waste any time or money in the campaign in the vain endeavor to get a plurality of the votes of the county.

The populists, in their platform, dealt extensively in national affairs, forgetting that we are not in a position to say anything about the affairs of the nation. The resolutions adopted by the democratic party of this county in reference to the management of county affairs were clear cut and positive and concern the voters of the county, while the populists touched home affairs lightly and spread themselves on national matters. On the whole the populist convention was a disappointment to the populists themselves.

## WITH PRIDE IS IT?

county as representative in the legis a-ture and made a record that he can now refer to with pride. He is thoroughly conversant and familiar with the status of county affairs, knows the public recessities of the situation and when elected will fill the position fully to the satisfaction of the taxpayers, and every other honest citizen.—Enterprise.

Mr. King was a member of the twenty-eighth legislative council of this territory, which convened at Santa Fe December 31, 1888. During the session of that legislature the law providing for the feeding of prisoners in the county jails, as it now exists, was passed. This law provided for the payment of 75 cents a day to the sheriff for each prisoner fed. Prisoners are maintained in the territorial penitentiary at Santa Fe for less than 12 cents a day, and the new law which will go into effect on the first of next January provides a scale of prices for the feeding of prisoners which ranges from 25 cents a day to 50 cents a day. This law has cost this county, on an average, about \$600 a month since its passage, or, in round numbers, about \$40,000, which is not less than \$25,000 more than it ought to have east to maintain the prisoners for that time,

This is quite an item and the taxpayers so touchingly referred to in the Enterprise may think it over at their leisure, and that they may know exactly who reported the bill we print an extract from the council journal of that session. Any taxpayer can refer to it by looking at the council proceedings for at the top of page 187, and it reads as follows:

Mr. King of the committee on territorial affairs, reported on council bill number 65, as follows: Mr. President:

Your standing com-Mr. President: Your standing committee on territorial affairs, to which was referred council bill number 65, entitled "An act to provide for feeding county prisoners in the territory of New Mexico," respectfully report that they have examined the same a direction and its passage with the enclosed amendance. ments.

ISRAEL KING, Chairman.

The bill referred to passed the house on the 21st of February and became a law. That law, as stated above, has cost this county not less than \$25,000 in addition to what the prisoners ought to have been maintained for and other counties in the territory have suffered in proportion and the taxpavers have footed the bills. They will doubtless give Mr. King some attention when they cast their ballots next month and remember that he was one of the twelve men who saddled this law onto the territory for the benefit of the sheriffs.

There are some other matters in connection with this session of the legislature which THE EAGLE has his eye upon and which will be told in due time.

this year?